## IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A dispersion comprising polyanions and cationic 3,4-polyalkylenedioxythiophenes and water or a water/alcohol mixture as a solvent, wherein about 90% of the particles of the dispersion are less than 50 nm and wherein the resistivity of the coatings produced therefrom is more than at least about 5000  $\Omega$ cm.
- 2. (Original) The dispersion according to Claim 1, wherein at least about 90% of the particles are less than about 40 nm.
  - 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Previously Presented) The dispersion according to Claim 1, wherein the 3,4-polyalkylenedioxythiophenes are compounds of the formula (I)

wherein

n is an integer from 3 to 100, preferably from 4 to 15, and

X is  $-(CH_2)_X-CR^1R^2-(CH_2)_Y$ , where

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$ , independently of one another, are H, an alkyl radical having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an aryl radical having from 6 to 14 carbon atoms or -CH<sub>2</sub>-OR<sup>3</sup>, where  $R^3$  is H, alkyl or -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-SO<sub>3</sub>H, and

 ${\bf x}$  and  ${\bf y}$  are each, independently of one another, an integer from 0 to 9.

- (Original) The dispersion according to Claim 1, wherein the dispersion is a 3,4-polyethylenedioxythiophene/polystyrene sulfonate dispersion.
- 6. (Previously presented) The dispersion according to Claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of cationic 3,4-polyalkylenedioxythiophene to polyanion have a ratio ranging from between about 1:8 and about 1:25.

- 7. (Withdrawn) An electroluminescent arrangement containing a hole-injecting layer, wherein the hole-injecting layer has been produced from a dispersion according to Claim 1.
- 8. (Withdrawn)The electroluminescent arrangement according to Claim 7, wherein polyfluorenes and/or poly-para-phenylenevinylenes are used as light-emitting layer.
- 9. (Previously Presented) A dispersion according to Claim 4, wherein n is an integer from 4 to 15.